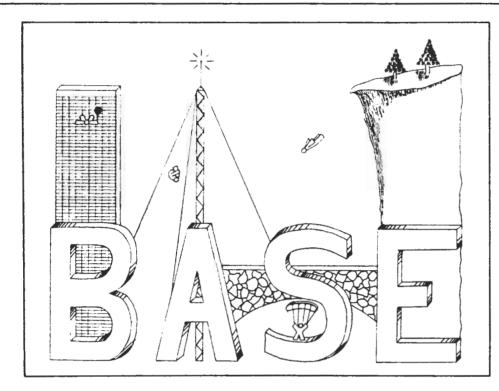
BASE" MAGAZINE

TO BENEFIT ALL MEN...TO HARM NO MAN..



The United States BASE Association is founded for and dedicated to the safety, advancement, and positive public image of BASE jumpers and BASE jumping throughout the world. Webster defines "association" as "a body of persons organized for some common purpose." The acronymn BASE is derived from the words: BUILDING, ANTENNA TOWER (any tower or stack), SPAN (any bridge, arch, cable or dome), and EARTH (any cliff or natural formation). Every person who makes at least one jump from each category is awarded an officially recorded BASE number. Each jump must involve using a parachute as a life-saving device which cannot be inflated prior to the jump. The USBA publishes a list of all known "jumped" and "jumpable" BASE sites. BASE Magazine strives to disseminate information, technology, experiences, and opinions about BASE jumping "to benefit all men, to harm no man." Membership into the United States BASE Association is extended to anyone interested in the concept of man jumping off of fixed objects, an esoteric aspect of man's age-old dream of self-flight. BASE jumping is recognized as a sport, not a stunt. Understanding the motivation behind BASE jumping is perhaps only reached through the gradual osmosis of knowledge that "man's birthright is freedom and dominion over all the earth." BASE jumping is but one of countless facets of life which help inspire all of us to find, understand, and demonstrate this birthright. For these reasons, "everybody envies our ecstasy, but only those who dare, can share it.'

QUOTATIONS... TO INSPIRE US BY ...

 Happy are those who dream dreams, and are willing to pay the price to see them come true.

I DO NOT CHOOSE TO BE A COM-MON MAN. It is my right to be uncommon . . . if I can. I seek opportunity . . . not security. I do not wish to be a kept citizen, humbled and dulled by having the state look after me. I want to take the calculated risk; to dream and to build, to fail and to succeed. I refuse to barter incentive for a dole. I prefer the challenges of life to the guaranteed existence; the thrill of fulfillment to the state of calm utopia. I will not trade freedom for beneficence nor my dignity for a handout. I will never cower before any master nor hend to any threat. It is my heritage to stand erect, proud and unafraid; to think and act for muself; enjoy the benefits of my creations and to face the world holdly and say, this I have done. All this is what it means to be an American.

The man who knows "how" will always have a job; the man who knows "why" will be his boss.

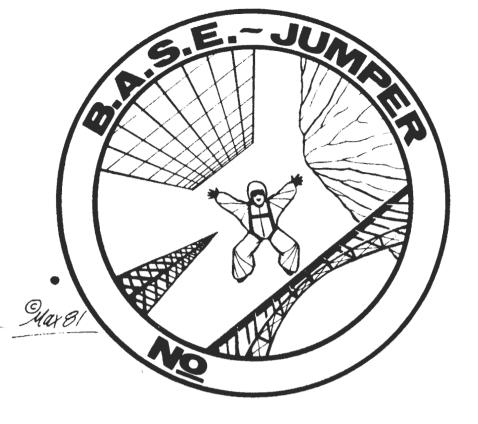
 The highest mountain peak receives the light first, followed eventually by even the entire valley at noonday.

 The man who puts aside perfection for the sake of travel, get nowhere slowly; but the man who puts aside travel for the sake of perfection, gets anywhere, instantly.

Results need no excuses.

- What you identify with, and respond to, you experience.
- In the service of good, giving never impoverishes and withholding never enriches.
- Anyone can tell you how many seeds an apple has, but who can tell you how many apples a seed has?
- There is nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so.—Shakespeare.
- One man's floor is another man's ceiling.

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Rick Wittrig - Board Member 211 Minier Ave. Minier, IL 61759 309 392-2655 SKYDIVING AND BASE JUMPING ARE THEY THE SAME SPORT?

Some argue vehemently
"yes," others vehemently
"no!" Nature could care
less. Mankind must politically answer either "yes"
or "no" for the sake of
classification, rules, regulations, etc. Read the
following comments in a
recent issue of HANG GLIDING
MAGAZINE and see that skydivers and BASE jumpers
are not the only ones at
odds with such a simple
question. --Ed.

USHGA and Motors

Dear Editor,

I wish to express my concern for the continuing acceptance of ultralights motor craft by the USHGA.

The USHGA was originally formed to embrace the needs of the foot-launched glider pilot; specifically, to exchange information and overcome governmental roadblocks. In the early days an occasional enthusiast attached a motor to his glider and was congratulated for his Wrightian spirit. However, the ultralight motor craft movement has grown to the point where they will surely surpass their silent predecessors in number and zeal. These craft have also come to resemble the light plane more than the hang glider.

The motivation and reasons for engaging in either mode of flight are as different as the crafts themselves and the individuals who fly them. It should be said that it is not the intent of this letter to disparage ultralight motor flight. I wish only to point out that we who fly hang gliders have no common ground with those who fly ultralights and the union of the two can offer either branch nothing. The advantage of strength in numbers is far outweighed by positioning ourselves (the USHGA) dangerously close to the FAA.

The irony of all this is that most motor pilots are in complete agreement with the views of this letter. So why do we cling to this strange marriage. My hunch is that the USHGA's directors and officers believe the organization will flounder, possible fail, without the motorized component in its membership. Nothing could be further from the truth. The USHGA functioned effectively before ultralight motor flying was popular. Today, as both of these fledgling branches of aviation continue to grow, neither of the two will be in want of members.

Dear Jean and Carl,

I don't believe it! I got your "BASE Award" newsletter two days ago and wanted to write right then. But my usual work schedule and busy attempts of late to line up a few demo jumps have delayed me for a couple of days

The freaky part is this "BASE" concept you have suggested. Just this past weekend, while the letter was in transit, I was pondering the very same concept but not in nearly as organized a manner. The term "BASE" of course was not part of my thoughts. My name was "The Grand Slam of Skydiving." Everybody knows of baseball's grand slam. Golf has its own grand slam: the PGA Tournament, the U.S. Open, the British Open, and the Masters. Even sheep hunting has a grand slam. It is the Dall sheep, the Rocky Mountain Bighorn and two other turkeys I don't recall. So why shouldn't skydiving's four distinct platform dives receive organized recognition?

In fact one of the jumps I've been trying to line up would put me half way to the BASE award. How do people fade out on parachuting when there is so much yet to be done?

Blue Skies and Smooth Openings, Y'all.

Louis Bottoms, EC-18 Atlanta, GA

Thanks for the encouragement, Louis. We can use all the support we can get. --Ed.

Says BASE Not Parachuting

As an Area Safety Officer and promoter of safe skydiving I feel that Carl Boenish's BASE award has no place in the world of parachuting. As much as I have admired Carl's photography and enjoyed his friendship over the years, I must emphatically state that I believe this move to award for stunts not parachuting belongs somewhere other than in the publications of the parachuting community. (Reprinted from "SKYDIVING")

John L. Reid Tahlequah, Okla.

Not all, but many people feel as you do, John. This is exactly why we have started a separate organization for a "separate sport." As radical as it may sound, there is no reason why BASE jumping can't be conducted systematically, safely, and with a positive public image.

NOT ALL FIXED-OBJECT JUMPS BRING BAD PR (Reprinted from "SKYDIVING")

Not all fixed-object jumps receive nega publicity. Several other jumpers and I ma several jumps from the New River Gorge Bri in West Virginia last September and the Se tary of State presented us with a signed, embossed and beribboned certificate. It d clared that we were "West Virginia ambassa of good will among all people" and that th people were "enjoying the special confiden in the intelligence, integrity and individof each skydiver.

Participants included Larry DeKock, Brianini, Brad Smith, John Noak, Jean Boenish Carl Boenish, Beth Cronk and myself. [We are also especially indebted to Burton Ervia local resident, who was the first person ever to jump from the bridge several years ago, and who, along with his friends, helpe us immeasurably in the logistics of the jum and who was our spokesman to the local poliand the TV news stations. It was a fun wee end for all, especially the onlooking towns ple. --Ed.]

It was relatively a safe and sane jump with no injuries. It was also one of the most exciting leaps I've ever made. As Car Boenish said, "El Capitan has nothing over this." --Rick D. Wittrig, Minier, IL

SKYDIVING IN THE 80'S

(Reprinted from PARACHUTIST Magazine) February 1980

(Several months ago PARACHUTIST magazine polled ma of the best-known jumpers in this sport to find o where they thought parachuting was going in the 1 Some of their responses were upbeat, some serious some hopeful, and some were harbingers of doom.)

"I see every first Sunday of the month between 6:00 and 8:00 AM, police cordoning off a two block sector in New York City an 50 skydivers will be permitted to jump off the World Trade Center. It will be so complace the press won't even bother to cover it. I bet by then skydivers will be landiram-air jumpsuits and won't even necd thei canopies!"

Carl Boenish, D-2556

Hawthorne, CA

ATTENTION -- ALL EL CAP JUMPERS

The individually-numbered EL CAP patches, two-color wall certificates and a free I.D. card are now available to anyone who has ever jumped from El Capitan in Yosemite National Park. If you qualify, please write immediately to BASE Magazine for an official application form and complete information about this award will be

Boenish Announces BASE Award for Fixed Object Jumps (Reprinted from "SKYDIVING")

Sport parachuting has yet another award, this one designed to recognize outstanding fixed-object jumpers. The award was announced late January by Carl Boenish, an accomplished freefall photographer and one of the major proponents of parachute jumps from objects such as cliffs, towers, bridges and buildings. He and his wife Jean issued a lengthly news release that detailed the purpose and the background of the new award.

Boenish explained that BASE is derived from the "four distinctly different catagories of platform jumping": B for buildings, A for antenna towers, S for spans (bridges), and E for earth formations, such as cliffs. To be eligible for the award, a jumper must have successfully parachuted from an object that can be assigned to each of the four categories.

The photographer added that El Capitan, the 1800-foot cliff in California, and the Trollveggen in Norway are clearly earth formations, while any bridge or bridge-like structure would fulfill the S requirement. And any sort of tower will satisfy the A requirement, whether it is technically an antenna or not. (Boenish said that "jumping from a smoke stack, facing outside or into, would also be a tower jump. He didn't say whether anyone has accomplished that feat, yet.)

Four skydivers have earned the BASE award so far. Two Texas jumpers, Phil Smith and Phil Mayfield, received BASE #1 and #2 respectively on January 18, 1981. Both have jumped from El Capitan several times, the Royal Gorge Bridge in Colorado, several TV towers and a building. Boenish said each has over ten BASE jumps to his credit.

Several days later, Jean Boenish was awarded BASE #3 and her photographer husband received #4. Mrs. Boenish has jumped from the 876-foot New River Gorge Bridge in West Virginia (on her 34th jump), the Canyon de Chelly in Arizona (a 580-foot dive on her 41st jump), a Texas TV tower of 1,300 feet on jump #44, and a Texas building on jump #64. The bridge jump in Arizona was made using a static-line-deployed Para-Innovators Piglet main canopy, Boenish said.

Carl Boenish made the same jumps as his wife. He said three other jumpers--Van Rafuse, Dave Blattel and Jim Tyler-are very close to earning the award.

Boenish went on to explain that he and other jumpers are investigating the use of a tertiary parachute: a small canopy that is similar to the designs used by hang glider pilots. The entire parachute is hand deployed in one motion and is tethered to the jumper by a 20-25 foot "bridle." The main canopy would tot be jettisoned. At press time, however, so one had tested the idea in the air.

Jumping from fixed objects is viewed ith a jaundiced eye by more than just few skydivers who are concerned about oth the safety and the public's tolerance f the activity. Careful planning and

"Even a small amount of foresigi tells us that BASE jumps are here is stay and can never be squelched by lation, peer pressure, and so forth he said. "Only fear, envy and jeal would impede true progress of manki and attempt to contain, suppress an enslave his beautiful, bubbling, even ascending spirit."

Or, in the case of skydiving, eve

descending spirit.

ANGEL FALLS JUMPED!

Rue Anders of "THAT'S INCREDIBLE" says that around the first of June, 8 people headed by Bollinger from Arizona jumped from Angel Falls in Venezuela. Rae mentioned that the group filmed their adventure and hope to air it on the show.

NEW SITES IN EUROPE

Jorma Oster, the expedition leader who paved the way to cliff jumping off the Trollveggen near Andalsnes, Norway writes that he believes that there is an aerial tramway with an open gondola in Yugoslavia that is 800 meters high (2,400 feet). He believes there is another aerial tramway in France that is also about 800 meters high. Jorma and Max Derata of Holland have recently visited the Troll Wall in Norway. Max writes that the Troll Wall is really "WOW!!" Max received the number TV-29 for his jump. Max is also EC-139. Jorma is EC-59 and TV-1. Max is the one who designed the El Cap patch and also the BASE patch. He is a commercial artist by trade. Thank you very much, Max, for both. We think they are both great!

BASE AWARDS TO DATE

BASE #1 Phil Smith Houston, TX BASE #2 Phil Mayfield Arlington, TX Hawthorne, CA BASE #3 Jean Boenish BASE #4 Carl Boenish BASE #5 Mike Perron Sacramento, C BASE #6 Sammy Ramos California Ci

NIGHT BASE AWARDS TO DATE

NIGHT BASE #1 Arlington, Phil Mayfield NIGHT BASE #2 Phil Smith Houston, 7

Subscribe now to BASE MAGAZINE, the first magazine devoted entirely to fixed-object jumping--an extension of man's age-old dream of flight. 6 issues: \$8.00 Sample Copy 50¢ Foreign subscribers, add \$8.00 extra for air mail postage; allow 30-60 days for new subscription. Mail to BASE, 12619 S. Manor Dr., Hawthorne, CA 90250 USA

rhone

Name



are: Carl Boenish setting up a BASE (Bridge, Aerial, Span, Earth) organisation publishing a magazine and awarding patches to those daredevils who complete a jump off each of these

El Cap is definitely a No No, although still a

challenge to individuals risking life, limbs and

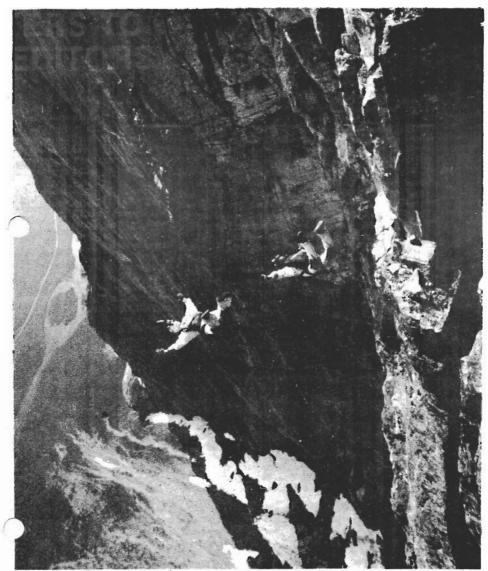
categories.

BPA for jumping off it.

After watching Carl's BASE films at the Wor Meet, several jumpers found a TV Tower in Flori and did their thing. One of whom was a Kiwi La (living in Australia) who borrowed gear to do

not bothering to repack the rig and jump with t

slider packed down, From 1400 feet!!



Swedish Jumpers Sonny Olausson and Anders Nyqvist jump from the Troll Wall; each is wearing a camera. Nyqvist did not track during freefall, collided with the wall immediately after his canopy inflated, and suffered a broken leg. Photo by Jorma Oster.

Skydiving

Like it or not, BASE JUMPING is gaining 'popularity' world wide. Latest developments are: Carl Boenish setting up a BASE (Bridge, Aerial, Span, Earth) organisation publishing a magazine and awarding patches to those daredevils who complete a jump off each of these categories.

El Cap is definitely a No No, although still a challenge to individuals risking life, limbs and wallet.

The Norwegian Troll Wall is out too. Ar English Jumper had his Licence suspended by BPA for jumping off it.

After watching Carl's BASE films at the World Meet, several jumpers found a TV Tower in Florida and did their thing. One of whom was a Kiwi Lady (living in Australia) who borrowed gear to do it not bothering to repack the rig and jump with the slider packed down. From 1400 feet!!

THE 1981 CLIFF JUMPING SEASON IN YOSEMITE NATIONAL PARK (An editorial by BASE board members)

In his letter of October 20, 1980 to the president of the United States Para-

chute Association, Yosemite Superintendent Robert O. Binnewies stated that: "We share your regret that the cliff-jumping program

failed in spite of the best efforts of the Park staff and the welcome cooperation provided by the USPA. . . . We do not see any circumstances that would alter the current

position we have taken on (banning) cliff jumping. The record speaks for itself, and we feel that any further activities of this

nature in Yosemite would be inappropriate." First of all, the United States BASE Association board members feel that by no means

did cliff jumping during the 1980 season "fail." On the contrary, it proved that many conscientious, qualified and so-inclined skydivers can make a safe cliff jump from El Capitan. To date, 410 people have made 504 cliff jumps in Yosemite National Park. Of the ten or so injuries, most have resulted

from either not being current, not being properly instructed on procedures, and the like. No one has met with a fatal injury while cliff jumping in Yosemite National

An amazing amount of good has come from

the 1980 cliff jumping season in Yosemite National Park. There is no doubt in anyone's mind that a program can work if enough time and energy is put into it. Certainly Chief Ranger Bill Wendt and his secretary Linda Abbott could not have been more cheerful, hardworking and patient in their help last season. We are also extremely grateful for

the enormous amount of energy spent by the

USPA board members, its staff and Bill Ottley.

FRUITS OF LAST SEASON

The fruits of last season illustrated many areas for improvement. The primary areas of confusion last year resulted from the following: (1) Most cliff jumpers were not experi-

enced backpackers and many had not even seen Yosemite before; hence, most did not know the rules of the park, or what was expected of them. (2) Most cliff jumpers were not instruct-ed, except by random word of mouth, which trails to take, how hard the

climb would be, how to exit the cliff properly, etc. Had there been a dissemination of this information, fewer problems would have occured. (3) Oftentimes cliff jumpers were not permitted to take the shortest trail to the summit, thereby adding to their already difficult logistical

(4) The USPA should have had nothing to do with the meting out of penalties for regulation infractions. (For that matter, neither should the USBA.) This should be reserved solely for the NPS or the federal courts. If the park can handle problems as petty as a \$5 parking ticket or a \$25 wilderness permit

problems.

Most of the mistakes made last season by cliff jumpers include the following: Jumping without a permit.

Gathering a crowd at El Cap Meadow which sometimes caused extra traffi

congestion and "meadow trampling" because cliff jumpers landed in the same area at the same time each day. (3) Possibly bothering the near-extinct

peregrin falcon with cliff jumping activity. (4) Traffic violations.

(5) Littering.

Guideline infractions (jumping multiply, jumping without helmets, etc The US BASE board members feel that all of the above-mentioned problem areas have workable solutions, as outlined

in the following paragraphs. **NEW DATA**

see any circumstances that would alter the current position we have taken on cliff jumping." The US BASE board members feel that circumstances have developed -- the finding of new, revolutionary data -- that can totally change the concept of cliff jumping in Yosemite Na-tional Park. Various board members have studied other sites in the park and have

Mr. Binnewies said that "we do not

come to the following conclusions: GLACIER POINT IS JUMPABLE: (1) Glacier Point is sheer for the firs 900 feet, and then thereafter, it slopes outward towards the meadow at about a one-to-one slope for

the remaining 2,300 feet of altitud From what we now know about BASE jumping, this site would allow a 2-4 second delay before opening one's parachute. The cliff jumper would exit the cliff with pilot chute in hand and completely open within the first 300 feet. In case of any possible malfunction, there

would still remain 600 feet during

which to deploy a "tertiary" chest-

mounted parachute and land safely

on the slope below. No cutaway would be contemplated. Under a properly opened main canopy, 2,900 feet would remain in which to glide to one of several landing areas. HALF DOME IS JUMPABLE: Half Dome is sheer for the first

2,000 feet, and then thereafter, slopes outward towards Mirror Lake at about a one-to-one slope for the remaining 3,000 feet of altitud This site would allow about a ten second delay before opening one's

parachute. Half Dome has a nersonality very similar to Trollveggen's near Andalsnes, Norway, in that both sites are about 5,000 feet in total height, allow about a 10-

second free-fall, and allow about a 4-minute canopy ride. Like the

NEW CLIFF JUMPING PROPOSALS Representatives from the USBA should

meet with NPS officials and, like USPA did last July 1, 1980 with the El Cap

site, demonstrate to park officials that the two new sites are safely jumpable. Thereafter the following concepts can come into play. During the summer season of each year, the NPS authorizes a concessionaire located at the stables to take horses and mules

to various places in the park, particularly to the base of Half Dome. In nearly

every case, a party of up to about twenty animals leaves the stables at about 8 AM, arrives at the top about noon, rests for an hour, and returns to the valley about 5 PM. There are one or more guides. No one is permitted to stray from the pack or to ride alone. In an analogous manner, suppose that

the park superintendent arranged for a party of twelve cliff jumpers to jump Half Dome every 2 or 3 days, and another party to jump El Cap every 2 or 3 days. Each member of a party would meet at a specific place at, say, 8:30 AM and meet his guide, either a ranger or an appointed cliff jumper who' would have responsibility over the group and other ranger-like authority (e.g., he would have a ranger radio, etc.). The party would stay together as a group, arrive on top in the afternoon, either jump then if the weather permitted or spend the night and jump early the next morning. All jumps would be supervised from the top, the single most important ingredient missing from last season! At all times would the entire group be supervised. This would solve the problems of not finding the proper trails, defacing trails, disorderly conduct, lack of proper instruction regarding the technical aspects of the jump, et cetera. Since the "Guided Tours" concept would not necessarily be every day at every site, crowds would not congregate every day at the same times at the same places. In fact, most spectators would not know when the various sites would be in effect, even though they would be perfectly welcome to watch whenever they so chose. the peregrin were active in a certain area, an alternate site could be used.

JUMPING IN PAIRS

and fast rules.

Jumping in pairs should definitely be permited in cases where the two cliff jumpers are experienced BASE jumpers. The reason behind this is that it is a lot more fun and because it is not any more dangerous, as experience has shown. It is recommended that if a cliff jumper has never before jumped a cliff, then he should make at least one jump solo before trying a jump with somebody else. Helmets and boots should also

be at the option of the jumper. Guide-

lines should not be confused with hard

whe as easy to administer by the NPS as the hang-gliding program currently is today. There should be no problems like lost trails, wilderness permits,

JUMPING FROM GLACIER POINT

Jumping from Glacier Point should

in fact, we welcome its assistance.

gives all of us--cliff jumpers and park officials alike -- food for thought.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT

to protect our resources, be considerate of our fellow man, and to express our freedom and joy over all the earth. We skydivers and cliff jumpers are inherently good, talented, fun-loving and law-abiding people who are not interested in playing the "cat and mouse" game that Mr. Binnewie spoke of in one of his early letters of Nov. 2, 1979 to skydiver Al Warsh. bulk of all skydivers and BASE jumpers will be happy to cooperate with the NPS--

in one's car. The sheer jump site is only one or two hundred yards away from the hang-glider launch site and could be administered by the same ranger, say, from 8:30 - 9:00 AM after all the hang-

gliders have launched. The same landing meadows can be used. Cliff jumpers who

use this site should have made at least

one BASE jump from a 1,000 foot object

previously and should have test-jumped a chest-mounted, round, long bridal-lined "tertiary" chute at his local drop

zone prior to coming to this site. No cutaways should be contemplated from

We hope all of this new information

is our heritage to use our national parks,

on the other hand, we feel very strongly that our constitutional rights are being

when we see rock climbers pounding objects into the granite walls and spending days

on end sleeping on the faces, all without permits, and while hang-glider pilots

are permited access to fly in the Park.

No one would doubt the clamor and public

To refuse to authorize permits for

cliff jumping forces good and courageous

men to go underground, to break bad man-

made laws, until truth steps in to see

furor if all three sports were suddenly

banished from the park! Why, then, is cliff jumping seemingly so vulnerable?

denied if we cannot make cliff jumps

in Yosemite National Park, especially

this site in case of malfunction.

what the squabble is all about. We cliff jumpers will give up some of our rights to cliff jumping (e.g., acquiescing to a jump season of only 3 months per year, using only certain times of the day, limiting the number of cliff jumps per day, using only certain sites at a time, etc.) in order to establish order to

the activity. Banishment of cliff jumping

is no solution to the so-called problem,

neither temporarily nor permanently,

and it never will be! Neither time nor any man-made laws can ever suppress or

squelch man's ancient subliminal dreams

to cliff jump! SUMMARY

In short, Cliff jumping does not hurt or change

- Cliff jumpers should be able to do it if they want to, and if they are able; (3) Yosemite is the only known geo-
- graphical place in the United States to do it.

anybody or anything;

Dear Prospective Yosemite Cliff Jumper: Immediately following this year's National Parachuting Competitions, several board members of the United States BASE Association hope to meet with the superintendent of Yosemite National Park to discuss the 1981 cliff jumping season. If you would like to make a cliff jump in Yosemite National Park this season, and feel that you are qualified to do so, please fill out the enclosed form. Send one copy directly to the park and the other one directly to BASE headquarters. We need to know how many of you out there are interested in cliff jumping in Yosemite so that we may represent your interests. Superintendent Yosemite National Park Yosemite, CA 95389 Dear Superintendent, I hereby request written permission to make a cliff jump in Yosemite National Park between July 1-Sept. 15, 1981. Date Preference: Site Preference: No. Jumps: My Qualifications: No. Years Jumping: No. BASE Jumps: No. Square Jumps: Sincerely, Date Signature Name Phone Address State City Zip United States BASE Association 12619 S. Manor Dr. Hawthorne, CA 90250 Dear USBA. I have written to the Superintendent of Yosemite National Park for written permission to make a cliff jump in the park between July 1-Sept.15 1981. Date Preference: Site Preference: No. Jumps: My Qualifications: No. Years Jumping: No. BASE Jumps: No. Square Jumps: Sincerely, Signature Date Phone Address City State Zip Code



A. JAMES MANCHIN

ball to whom these presents shall come, liverting.

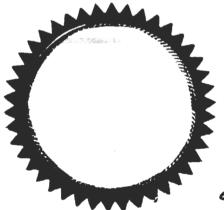
That I, A. James Manchin, Secretary of State of the State of West Virginia, enjoying special confidence in the Intelligence, Integrity and Individuality of

JEAN BUENISH



WEST VIRGINIA AMBASSADOR OF GOOD WILL AMONG ALL PEOPLE

(To hold) said office and execute the duties thereof with dedication, devotion and diligence.



Citien under my hund, and the Seal of the State of West Virginia, at the Capitol in the City of Charleston, this tweeth and one Thousand of Sine Hundred and Eighty and of the State the One Hundred Eighteenth.

Socretzing of State